SGM61007 5.8MHz, 600mA Synchronous Buck Converter

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM61007 is a high efficiency and miniature size synchronous Buck converter with an input voltage range of 2.3V to 5.5V, optimized for low input voltage applications. This 5.8MHz high frequency device does not need external compensation and is a perfect solution for compact designs. Output voltage is fixed internally and output voltage resistor divider is no longer required. Only 470nH inductor and 10µF capacitor are needed as output filter. With its adaptive hysteresis and pseudo-constant on-time control (AHP-COT) architecture, the transient performance is excellent and the output voltage regulation accuracy is achieved.

The device provides pulse-width modulation (PWM) and pulse frequency modulation (PFM) selection by pulling the MODE pin high and low. If the MODE pin is high, it operates in PWM mode over the whole load range. The peak efficiency is up to 92% in PWM mode. If the MODE pin is low, it works in PWM mode at heavy loads and automatically enters PFM at light loads to maintain its high efficiency, and for further efficiency improvement, it enters power-save mode (PSM) at lighter load. The typical quiescent current is 22µA at PSM mode and the efficiency of 5mA load current is maintained over 80%.

The device is available in a Green WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B package.

FEATURES

- 2.3V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Output Current Capability: 600mA
- 22µA Typical Quiescent Current
- 5.8MHz Fixed-Frequency Operation
- Best-in-Class Load Transient Response
- Best-in-Class Efficiency
- Low Ripple Light-Load PFM and PSM Mode
- Forced PWM and PFM Mode Selectable
- Internal Soft-Start
- Input Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Thermal Shutdown and Overload Protection
- Available in a Green WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B Package

APPLICATIONS

4G, 5G Data Cards

Tablets

DSC, DVC

Smart Watches

Notebooks

TYPICAL APPLICATION

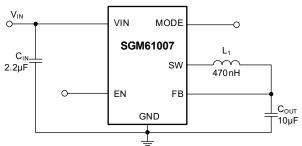


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

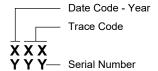


PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM61007-2.05	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-2.05XG/TR	XXX 0B7	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.82	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.82XG/TR	XXX 030	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.35	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.35XG/TR	XXX 0B8	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.23	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.23XG/TR	XXX 0B9	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.20	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.20XG/TR	XXX 0BA	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.15	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.15XG/TR	XXX 0BB	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.10	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.10XG/TR	XXX 0BC	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM61007-1.00	WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM61007-1.00XG/TR	XXX 0BD	Tape and Reel, 3000

MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXX = Date Code and Trace Code.



en" to mean Pb-Free contact your Co Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VIN Voltage	0.3V to 6V
SW, EN and MODE Voltages	0.3V to V _{IN} + 0.3V
Other Pins	0.3V to V _{IN} + 0.3V
Package Thermal Resistance	
WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B, θ _{JA}	113°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s))+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	4000V
CDM	1000V

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Input Voltage Range, V _{IN}	2.3V to 5.5V
Output Voltage Current, I _{OUT}	0A to 600mA
Inductor, L	470nH
Input Capacitor, C _{IN}	2.2µF
Output Capacitor, Cout	10µF
Operating Junction Temperature	40°C to +125°C

OVERSTRESS CAUTION

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

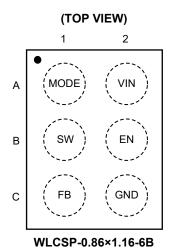
This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.



PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN DES	SCRIP	TION
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION S
A1	MODE	Input for Working Mode Setting. Do not leave this pin floating. MODE = Logic High: The chip always operates in PWM mode. MODE = Logic Low: The chip switches to pulse frequency modulation (PFM) automatically at light loads.
A2	VIN	Power Supply Voltage Input.
B1	SW	Switch Node of the Power Converter. Connect it to the output inductor.
B2	EN	Enable Pin. Logic high sets the device active, logic low disables it and turns it into shutdown mode. Do not leave this pin floating.
C1	FB	Direct Output Voltage Feedback. Must be connected to output voltage.
C2	GND	Power and Signal Ground.

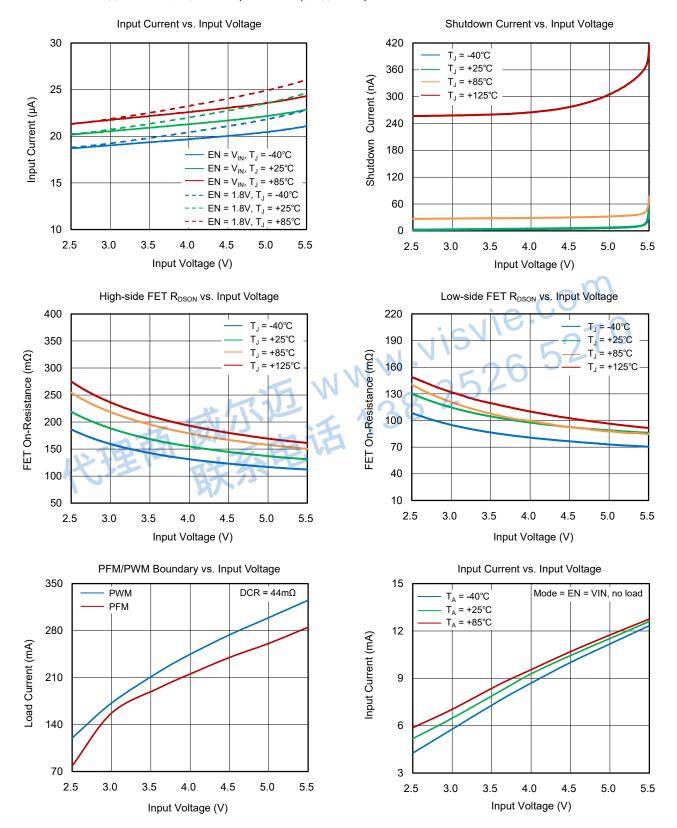
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 2.3V \text{ to } 5.5V, T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ typical values are at } T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ and } V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supplies							
Input Voltage Range	Vin			2.3		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	ΙQ	No load, no	ot switching		22	31	μA
Input Current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = 3.6V, PWM mod	V _{OUT} = 1.82V, T _A = +25°C, e no load		8.5		mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SD}	EN = GND			0.01	0.5	μA
Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	V_{UVLO}	Rising V _{IN}			2.15	2.25	V
Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	V _{UVHYST}				200		mV
Logic Inputs: EN and MODE Pins							
Enable High-Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}	V _{IN} = 2.3V	to 5.5V	1.2			V
Enable Low-Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}	V _{IN} = 2.3V	to 5.5V			0.5	V
Logic Input Hysteresis Voltage	V_{LHYST}				80		mV
Enable Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	Pin to VIN	or GND		0.01	0.5	μA
Switching and Synchronization	•	•			· ·	2	
Switching Frequency	f _{SW}	V _{IN} = 3.6V,	V _{OUT} = 1.82V, T _A = +25°C, PWM mode		5.8	1 -	MHz
Regulation	I		> 1	18.		10	
	威尔联系	1.000V	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		-17	10	-
			PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	0.984	516	1.016	
		1.100V	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.1		
			PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.082	1.1	1.118	
		1.150V	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.15		
代理商			PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.132	1.15	1.168	
心理即		1.200V	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.2		
			PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.181	1.2	1.219	
Output Voltage Accuracy	V _{out}	4 000)/	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.233		V
		1.233V	PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.213	1.233	1.253	
		4.050)/	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.35		
		1.350V	PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.328	1.35	1.372	
		4.000\/	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		1.82		1
		1.820V	PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.791	1.82	1.849	1
		0.050\/	I _{LOAD} = 0A to 0.6A		2.05		
		2.050V	PWM mode, V _{IN} = 3.6V	2.017	2.05	2.083	
Soft-Start	t _{ss}		V_{OUT} = 1.82V, T_A = +25°C, rom First pulse to 90% × V_{OUT} (set)		260		μs
Output Driver							
PMOS On-Resistance	Р	V _{GS} = 3.6V			165		mΩ
NMOS On-Resistance	R _{DSON}	V _{GS} = 3.6V			100		mΩ
PMOS Peak Current Limit	I _{LIM_OL}	Open-loop for SGM61007, V _{IN} = 3.6V, T _A = +25°C		1050	1370	1700	mA
Thermal Shutdown	T_{TSD}				150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{HYS}				15		°C

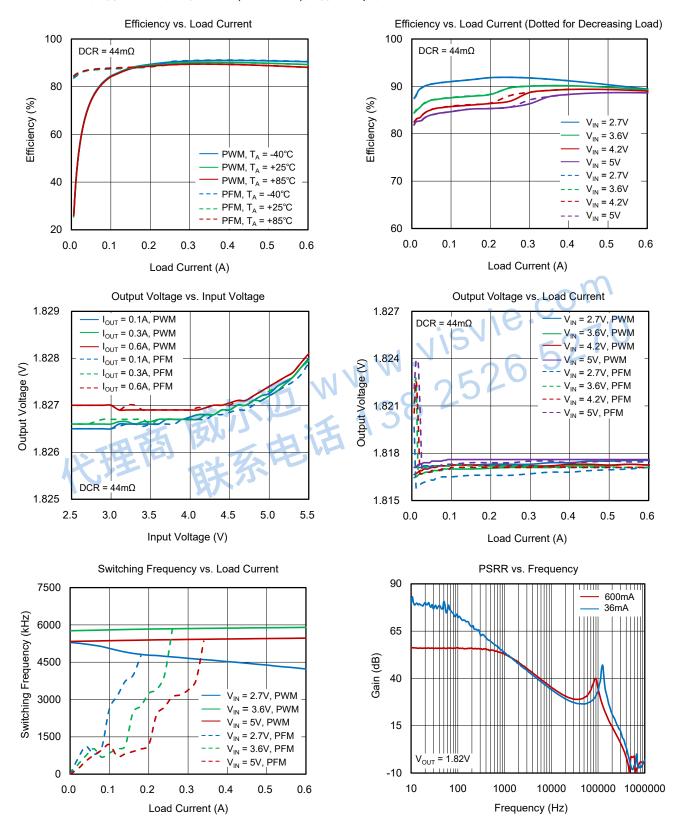
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.82V$, $V_{MODE} = 0V$ (PFM Mode), $C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, L = 470nH and $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.



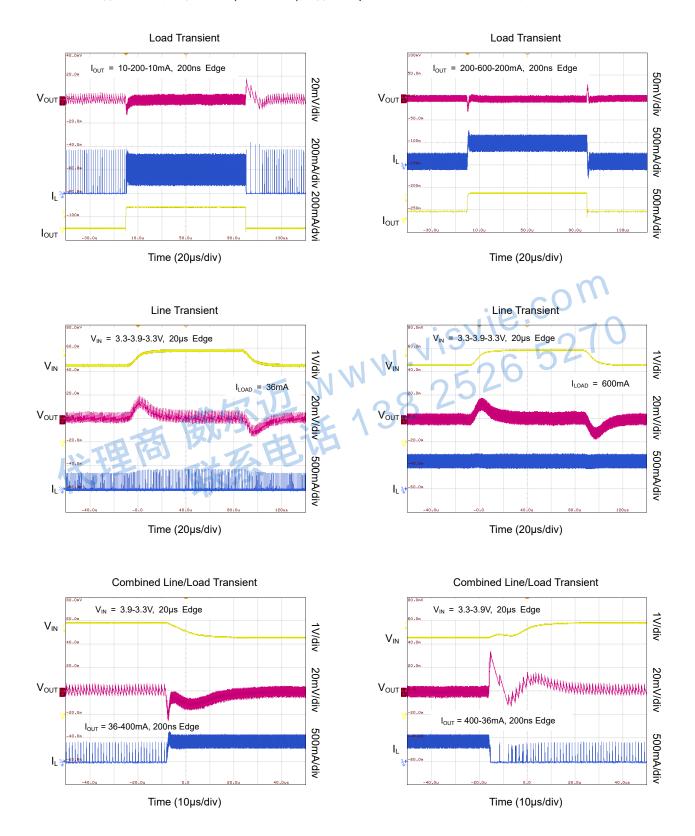
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.82V$, $V_{MODE} = 0V$ (PFM Mode), $C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, L = 470nH and $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.



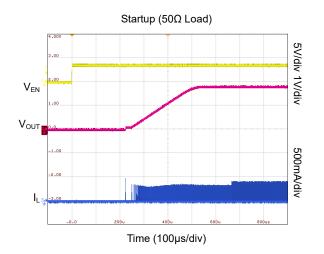
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

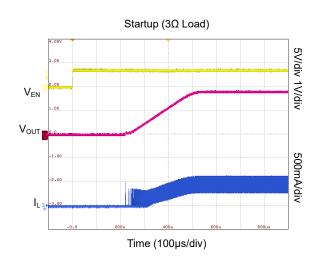
 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.82V$, $V_{MODE} = 0V$ (PFM Mode), $C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, L = 470nH and $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.



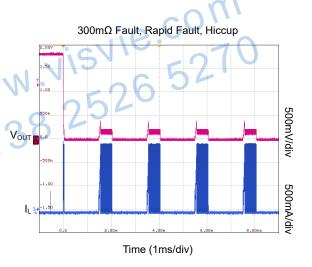
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

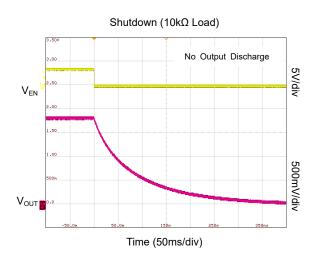
 $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6 \text{V}, V_{OUT} = 1.82 \text{V}, V_{MODE} = 0 \text{V}$ (PFM Mode), $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$, L = 470 nH and $T_A = +25 ^{\circ} \text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.











FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

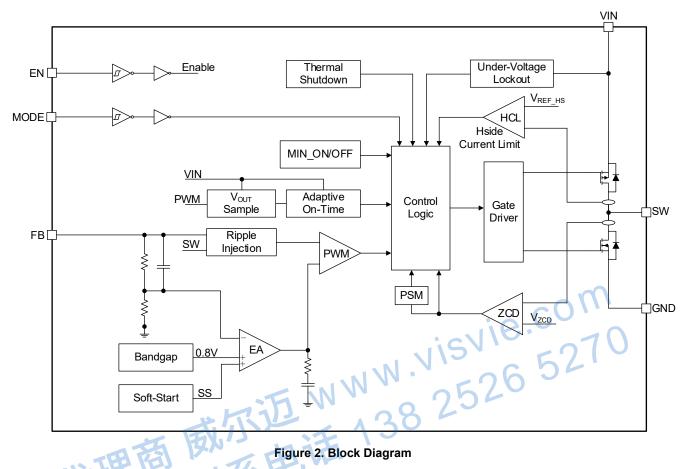


Figure 2. Block Diagram

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Overview

The SGM61007 is a 2.3V to 5.5V input, high efficiency synchronous Buck converter with AHP-COT architecture and advanced regulation topology. A total of 8 fixed output voltages and 0.6A current ability are available for option.

At medium to heavy loads, the device works in pulse-width modulation (PWM) mode. In PWM mode, the device works with a nominal switching frequency of 5.8MHz. At light loads, the MODE pin is pulled high to force the device to work in PWM, and the mode pin is pulled low to enter PFM. Then, the high efficiency is achieved by reducing switching frequency.

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The device implements the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) with a 200mV (TYP) hysteresis. When the input voltage falls below the V_{UVLO} , it shuts down the device.

Enable and Disable

A logic high input to EN activates the device, and a logic low input disables the device. During shutdown mode, the energy consumption falls below 1µA.

Soft-Start

When EN is set to logic high and after about 260 μ s delay, the device starts switching and V_{OUT} increases with 260 μ s (TYP) internal soft-start circuit.

100% Duty Cycle

The device provides low input-to-output voltage drop by going into 100% duty cycle mode. In this mode, the high-side MOSFET is constantly turned on and the low-side MOSFET is turned off. This function can increase the operation time to the utmost extent for battery powered applications. To maintain an appropriate output voltage, the minimum input voltage is calculated by:

$$V_{\text{IN MIN}} = V_{\text{OUT}} + I_{\text{OUT MAX}} \times \left(R_{\text{DSON}} + R_{\text{L}}\right) \tag{1}$$

where:

- V_{IN MIN} is the minimum input voltage.
- I_{OUT MAX} is the maximum output current.
- R_{DSON} is the high-side MOSFET on-resistance.
- R_I is the inductor ohmic resistance.

Inductor Current Limit and Hiccup

If there is an over-current or short-circuit, the device implements an inductor current limit cycle-by-cycle. When the high-side switch current limit is triggered, the high-side MOSFET is turned off and the low-side MOSFET is turned on to reduce the inductor current. If the high-side current limit event lasts for more than 32 cycles, both high-side and low-side are turned off. A new startup is initiated automatically (hiccup) after 1.4ms (TYP). The hiccup repeats until the overload or short-circuit fault is released. The actual current limit value may be larger than the static current limit due to internal propagation delays.

Power-Save Mode (PSM)

In PFM mode, if the load continues to decrease, the device enters PSM mode, some modules are shut down, and reduce power consumption. When the load increases to a certain value, the closed module is enabled and exits the PSM mode. The power-save mode can reduce the system loss and further improve the efficiency under light load.

Thermal Shutdown

To protect the device from overheating damage, thermal protection is included in the device. If the junction temperature exceeds the typical T_{JSD} (+150°C TYP), the switching will stop. When the device temperature drops below the threshold minus hysteresis, the switching will resume automatically.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The SGM61007 is synchronous Buck converter with fixed output voltage. Taking SGM61007 application as a reference, the following sections discuss the design of external components and how to achieve the application.

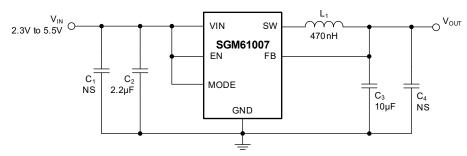


Figure 3. SGM61007 Typical Application Circuit

Requirements

The design parameters given in Table 1 are used for this design example.

Table 1. Design Parameters

Design Parameter	Example Value
Input Voltage	2.3V to 5.5V
Output Voltage	1.82V
Output Ripple Voltage	< 20mV
Output Current (MAX)	600mA

Design Details

Table 2 shows the components included in this example.

Table 2. Components List

Reference	Description	Manufacturer
L ₁	470nH, Power Inductor, $I_{SAT} = 3.3A$, $I_{TEMP} = 2.6A$	Standard
C ₂	2.2µF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10V, X5R, Size 0402	Standard
C ₃	10μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 6.3V, X5R, Size 0402	Standard

Inductor Design

Equation 1 is conventionally used to calculate the output inductance of a Buck converter. The inductor should be selected by its value and the saturation current. The saturation current of inductor should be higher than I_{L_MAX} in Equation 1, and sufficient margin should be reserved. Typically, the current above high-side current limit is enough, and a 10% to 30% ripple current is selected to calculate the inductance. Larger inductor can reduce the ripple current, but with an increasing response time.

$$I_{L_MAX} = I_{OUT_MAX} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

$$\Delta I_{L} = V_{OUT} \times \frac{1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}}{L \times f_{SW}}$$
 (1)

where:

- I_{OUT_MAX} is the maximum output current.
- ΔI_L is the inductor current ripple.
- f_{SW} is the switching frequency.
- · L is the inductor value.

Capacitor Design

For input capacitor design, a X5R/X7R dielectric ceramic capacitor should be selected for its low ESR and high-frequency performance. 2.2µF is enough for most applications. The voltage rating of input capacitor must be considered for its significant bias effect. The input ripple voltage can be calculated from Equation 2.

$$\Delta V_{\text{IN}} = \frac{I_{\text{OUT}} \times D \times (1 - D)}{C_{\text{IN}} \times f_{\text{OW}}} \tag{2}$$

The ripple current rating of input capacitor should be greater than $I_{\text{CIN_RMS}}$ in Equation 3 and the maximum value occurs at 50% duty cycle.

$$I_{\text{CIN_RMS}} = I_{\text{OUT}} \times \sqrt{\frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times (V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}})}{V_{\text{IN}} \times V_{\text{IN}}}} = I_{\text{OUT}} \times \sqrt{D \times (1 - D)}$$
 (3)

For output capacitor design, output ripple, transient response and loop stability should be considered. Minimum capacitance of output ripple criteria can be calculated from Equation 4.

$$C_{OUT} > \frac{\Delta I_L}{8 \times f_{SW} \times V_{OUT RIPPLE}}$$
 (4)

Both the input and output capacitors should be placed as close to VIN and GND pins as possible to reduce noise caused by PCB parasitic parameters.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

Layout Considerations

Good PCB layout is the key factor for high performance operation of a device regarding the stability, regulation, efficiency and other performance measures.

A list of guidelines for designing the PCB layout is provided below:

• Place the power components close together and connect them with short and wide routes. The

low-side of the capacitors must be connected to GND properly to avoid potential shift.

 Signal traces are the FB pin, which is sensitive and must be placed away from SW. Connect the inductor to a short trace. Keep the traces away from SW nodes.

Typical suggested layout is provided in Figure 4.

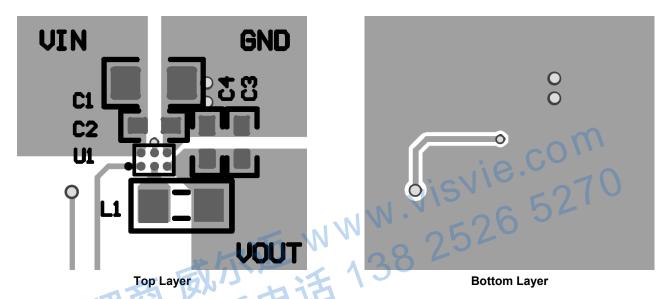


Figure 4. PCB Layout

REVISION HISTORY

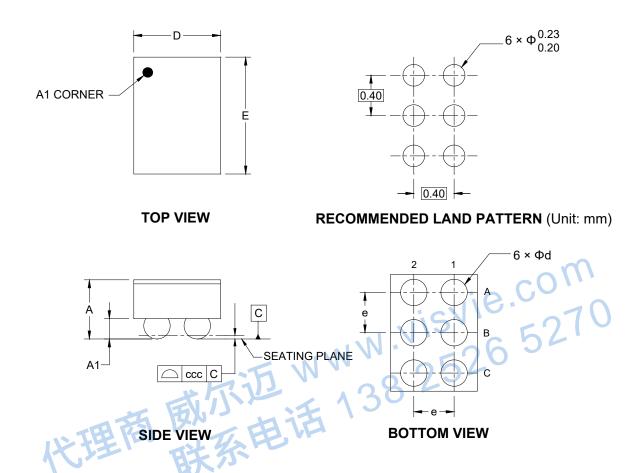
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original (JUNE 2023) to REV.A

Page



PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B

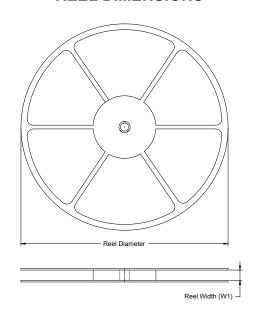


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters						
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX				
Α	-	-	0.625				
A1	0.182	-	0.222				
D	0.830	-	0.890				
E	1.130	-	1.190				
d	0.232	-	0.292				
е	0.400 BSC						
ccc	0.050						

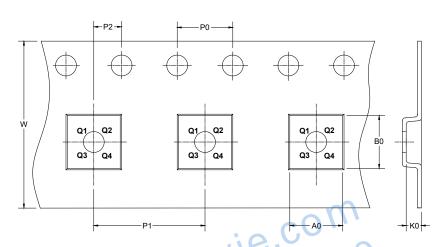
NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



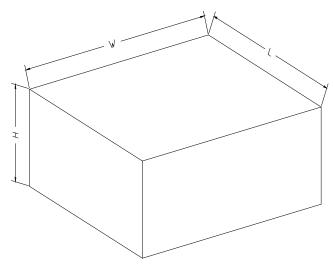
DIRECTION OF FEED

NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
WLCSP-0.86×1.16-6B	7"	9.0	0.97	1.27	0.73	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q1

CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

ı	KEY PARAMETE	R LIST OF	CARTON B	ох	1.0	vie.com
	Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton	26 5210
	7" (Option)	368	227	224	082	
	7"	442	410	224	18	DD0002