

# AO3421

## 30V P-Channel MOSFET

### General Description

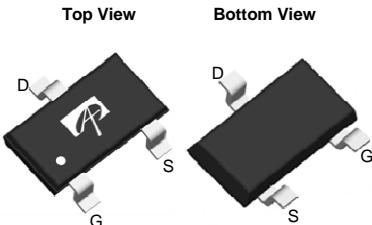
The AO3421 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

### Product Summary

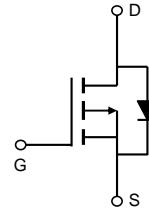
$V_{DS}$	-30V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=-10V$ )	-2.6A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-10V$ )	< 110mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-4.5V$ )	< 180mΩ



SOT23



Bottom View



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <small><math>T_A=25^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	$I_D$	-2.6	A
		-2.2	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-20	W
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> <small><math>T_A=25^\circ\text{C}</math></small>	$P_D$	1.4	
		1	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> <small><math>t \leq 10\text{s}</math></small>	$R_{\theta JA}$	70	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup> <small>Steady-State</small>		100	125	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	63	80	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}= \pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.4	-1.9	-2.4	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-2.6\text{A}$		77	110	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$		100	140	
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-2.6\text{A}$		5		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.8	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-1.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		197	240	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			42		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			26	37	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	3.5	7.2	11.0	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-2.6\text{A}$		4.3	5.2	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			2.2	3	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			0.7		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.1		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=5.8\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			4.1		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			11.8		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.8		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-2.6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		11.3	14	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-2.6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		4.4		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using  $\leq 10\text{s}$  junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\text{0UL}}$  and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

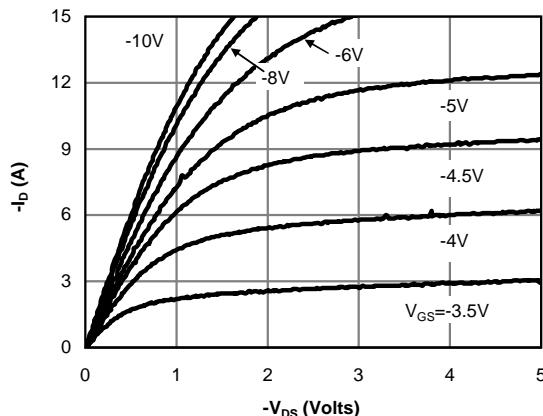


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

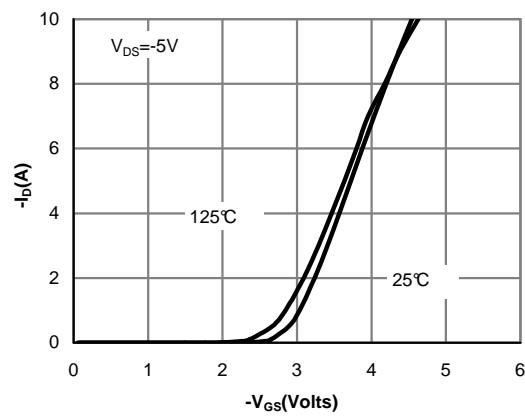


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

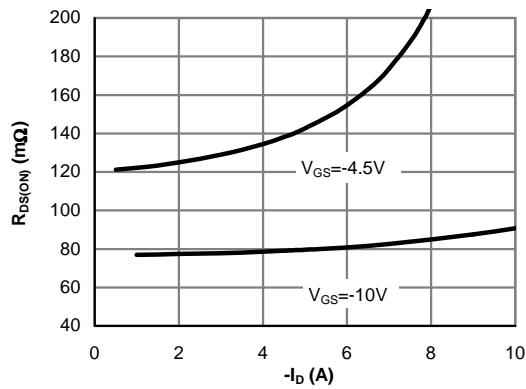


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

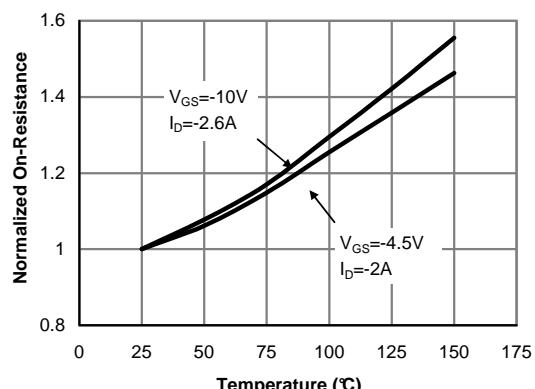


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

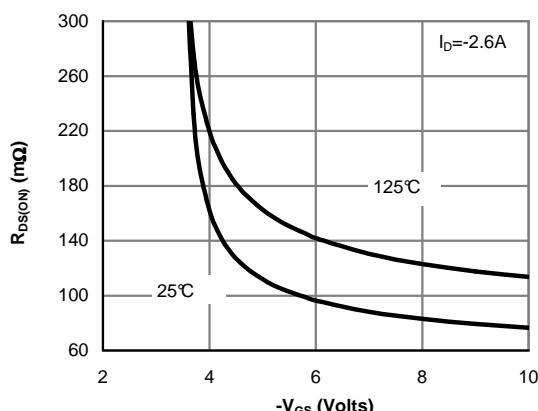


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

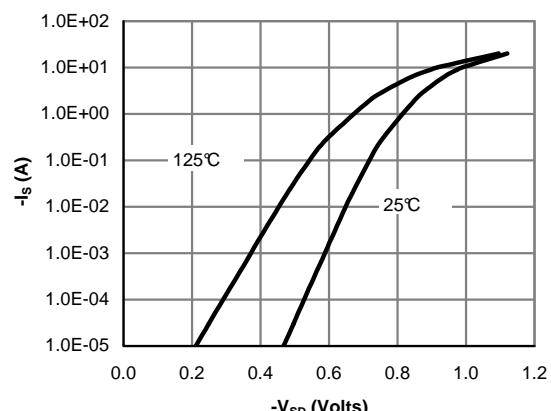
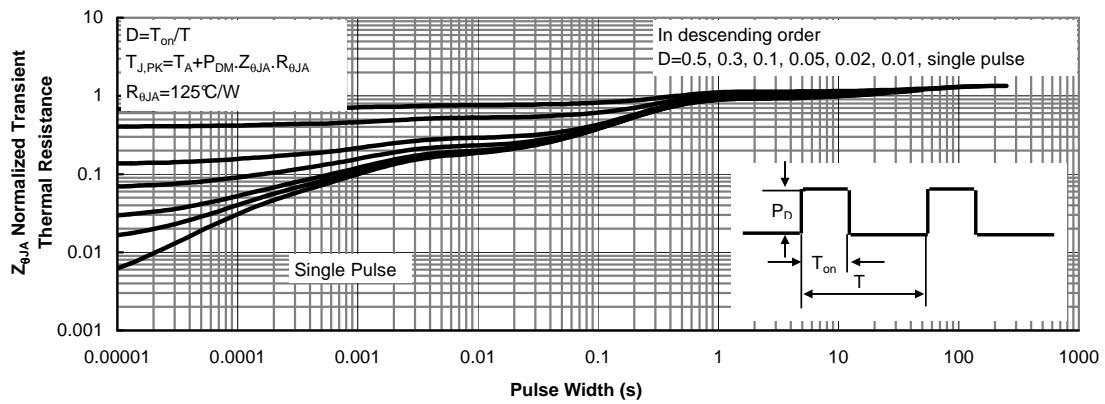
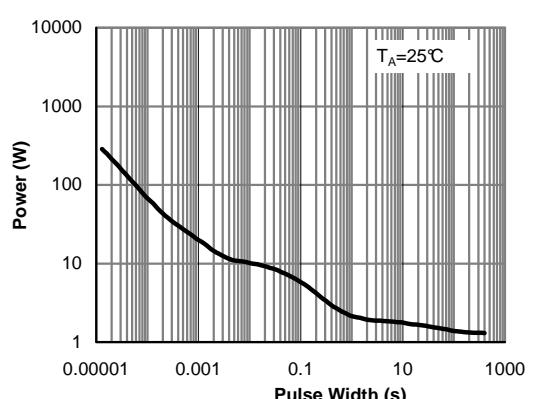
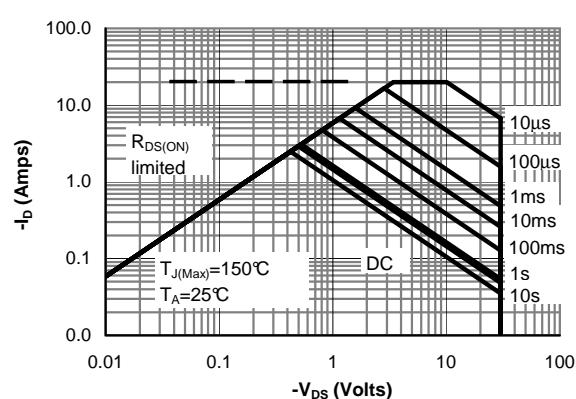
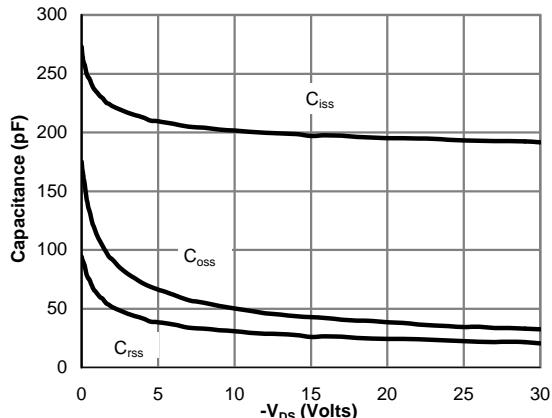
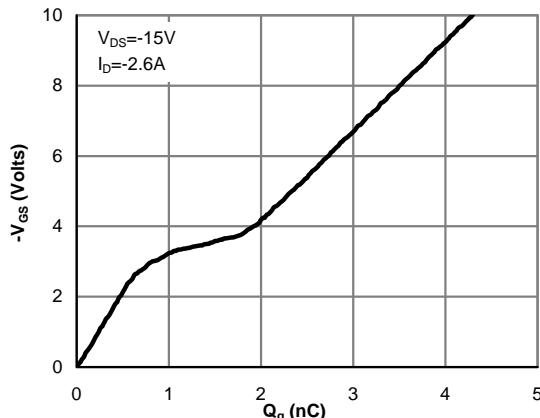
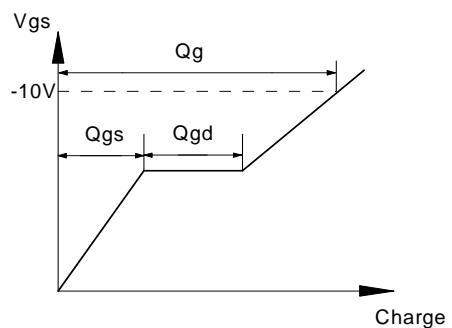
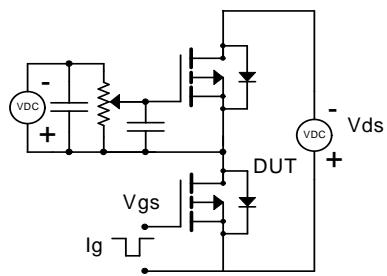


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

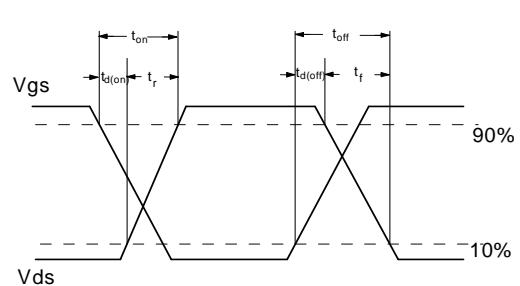
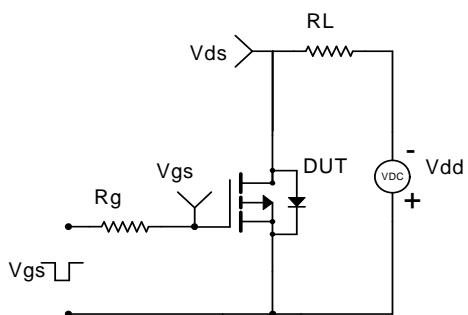
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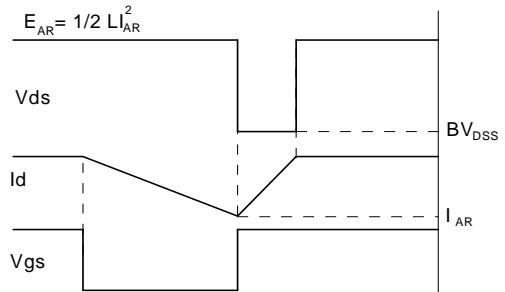
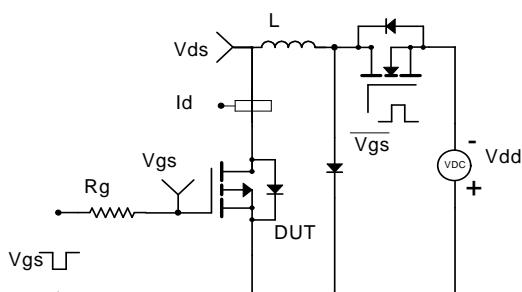
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



### Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

