

# GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM4029 is a low noise, low drift, high precision voltage reference. The reference is capable of both sinking and sourcing current, and has excellent line and load regulation.

Excellent temperature drift (5ppm/°C TYP) and high accuracy (±0.05% TYP) are achieved using proprietary design techniques. These features, combined with very low noise, make the SGM4029 ideal for use in high-precision data acquisition systems.

The SGM4029 is available in Green SOIC-8 and MSOP-8 packages. It operates an operating temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

# SGM4029 Low Noise, Low Drift, Precision Voltage Reference

### FEATURES

- Low Temperature Drift:
  - -40°C to +125°C: 5ppm/°C (TYP), 10ppm/°C (MAX)
  - 0°C to +85°C: 2ppm/°C (TYP), 5ppm/°C (MAX)
- High Accuracy: ±0.05% (TYP), ±0.1% (MAX)
- Low Noise: 5µV<sub>P-P</sub>/V
- High Output Current: ±10mA
- -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Available in Green SOIC-8 and MSOP-8 Packages

### **APPLICATIONS**

Precision Data Acquisition Systems Semiconductor Test Equipment Industrial Process Controls Medical Instrumentation Pressure and Temperature Transmitters Lab and Field Instrumentation

### SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



Figure 1. Simplified Schematic

### **PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM4029-2.5	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-2.5XS8G/TR	SGM S000XS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	MSOP-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-2.5XMS8G/TR	SGMS001 XMS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM4029-3.0 SGM4029-4.096	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-3.0XS8G/TR	SGM S00QXS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	MSOP-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-3.0XMS8G/TR	SGMS00R XMS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-4.096XS8G/TR	SGM S00UXS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	MSOP-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4029-4.096XMS8G/TR	SGMS00V XMS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000

#### MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code.

<u>(X)</u>	<u>XX</u>	
		Vendor Code
		Trace Code
		Date Code - Year

Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.



### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Input Voltage Range	0.2V to 6V
Output Short-Circuit Current	30mA to 30mA
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
НВМ	8000V

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Input Voltage Range	(V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.7V) to 5.5V
Output Current Range	10mA to 10mA

### **OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

#### **ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

#### DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.



## **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
SOIC-8/MSOP-8	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 8	DNC	Do Not Connect. Don't connect with any external device in application.
2	VIN	Power Supply.
3	TEMP	Temperature Monitoring Pin. Provides a temperature-dependent output voltage.
4	GND	Ground.
5	TRIM/NR	Output Adjustment and Noise Reduction Pin.
6	VOUT	Reference Voltage Output.
7	NC	No Internal Connection.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V, I<sub>LOAD</sub> = 0mA and C<sub>L</sub> = 1 $\mu$ F, typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
		SGM4029-2.5		2.5				
Output Voltage	Vout	SGM4029-3.0		3.0		V		
		SGM4029-4.096	4.096		-			
Initial Accuracy			-0.1		0.1	%		
Output Voltage Noise		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		5		μV <sub>P-P</sub> /V		
	n. ( ). <del></del>	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		5	10			
Output Voltage Temperature Drift <sup>(1)</sup>	dV <sub>OUT</sub> /dT	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +85°C		2	5	ppm/°C		
	A) (	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.2V to 5.5V		10		A./		
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(\Delta VI)}$	$V_{IN}$ = 3.2V to 5.5V, $T_A$ = -40°C to +125°C		20		ppm/V		
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(\Delta IL)}$	-10mA < I <sub>LOAD</sub> < 10mA, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> + 0.75V		10		ppm/mA		
Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		33		mA		
		MSOP-8, Cycle 1		70		-		
The second difference is		MSOP-8, Cycle 2		40				
Thermal Hysteresis		SOIC-8, Cycle 1		90		- ppm		
		SOIC-8, Cycle 2		50				
		MSOP-8, 0 to 1000 hours		50				
<b>T O</b> (1) <sup>(2)</sup>		MSOP-8, 1000 to 2000 hours		25				
Long-Term Stability <sup>(2)</sup>		SOIC-8, 0 to 1000 hours		100		- ppm/1000hr		
		SOIC-8, 1000 to 2000 hours		50				
TEMP Pin Voltage Output		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		561		mV		
TEMP Pin Temperature Sensitivity		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		1.41		mV/°C		
TEMP Pin Turn-On Settling Time		To 0.1% with $C_L = 1\mu F$		200		μs		
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		3.2		5.5	V		
Quiescent Current (1)				1.5	2.0			
		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			2.2	— mA		
Specified Temperature Range			-40		125	°C		
Operating Temperature Range			-55		125	°C		

#### NOTES:

1. Limits by characterization and simulation.

2. Typical values only for information.

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.





# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

At  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



# FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Figure 2. Block Diagram

# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

### Solder Heat Shift

The materials used in the manufacture of the SGM4029 have differing coefficients of thermal expansion, resulting in stress on the device die when the part is heated. Mechanical and thermal stress on the device can cause the output voltages to shift, degrading the initial accuracy and drift specifications of the product. Reflow soldering is a common cause of this error.



### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

The SGM4029 is a low noise, precision bandgap voltage reference that is specifically designed for excellent initial voltage accuracy and drift. See the Functional Block Diagram for a simplified block diagram of the SGM4029.

#### **Temperature Monitoring**

The temperature output terminal (TEMP, pin 3) provides a temperature dependent voltage output with approximately  $120k\Omega$  source impedance. The output voltage follows the nominal relationship:

$$V_{\text{TEMP}} = 526 \text{mV} + 1.4 \text{mV} \times \text{T}(^{\circ}\text{C})$$
 (1)

This pin indicates general chip temperature, accurate to approximately  $\pm 15$  °C. Although not generally suitable for accurate temperature measurements, this pin can be

used to indicate temperature changes or for temperature compensation of analog circuitry. A temperature change of 30°C corresponds to an approximate 42mV change in voltage at the TEMP pin.

The TEMP pin has high output impedance (see the Functional Block Diagram). Loading this pin with a low impedance circuit induces a measurement error; however, this pin does not have any effect on  $V_{OUT}$  accuracy.

To avoid errors caused by low impedance loading, buffer the TEMP pin output with a suitable low temperature drift operational amplifier, as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. Buffering the TEMP Pin Output

#### **Temperature Drift**

The SGM4029 is designed for minimal drift error, which is defined as the change in output voltage over temperature. The drift is calculated using the box method, as described in Equation 2.

$$Drift = \left(\frac{V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}}{V_{OUT} \times Temp Range}\right) \times 10^{6} (ppm)$$
(2)

The SGM4029 features a maximum drift coefficient of 10ppm/°C.

#### **Thermal Hysteresis**

Thermal hysteresis for the SGM4029 is defined as the change in output voltage after operating the device at +25  $^{\circ}$ C , cycling the device through the specified

temperature range, and returning to +25°C. Thermal hysteresis can be expressed as Equation 3:

$$V_{\text{HYST}} = \left(\frac{|V_{\text{PRE}} - V_{\text{POST}}|}{V_{\text{NOM}}}\right) \times 10^{6} (\text{ppm})$$
(3)

where:

 $V_{HYST}$  = thermal hysteresis (in units of ppm).

 $V_{NOM}$  = the specified output voltage.

 $V_{PRE}$  = output voltage measured at +25°C pre-temperature cycling.

 $V_{POST}$  = output voltage measured after the device has been cycled from +25 °C through the specified temperature range of -40°C to +125°C and returned to +25°C.



# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

#### **Noise Performance**

Typical 0.1Hz to 10Hz voltage noise for the SGM4029 is specified in the Electrical Characteristics table. The noise voltage increases with output voltage and operating temperature. Additional filtering can be used to improve output noise levels, although take care to ensure the output impedance does not degrade performance. One  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor can be connected between TRIM/NR pin and GND to reduce noise.



Figure 4. Noise Reduction Using the TRIM/NR Pin

### Long Term Stability

Due to aging and environmental effects, all semiconductor devices experience physical changes of the semiconductor die and the packaging material over time. These changes and the associated package stress on the die cause the output voltage in precision voltage references to deviate over time. The value of such change is specified on the datasheet by a parameter called the Long-term stability (also known as the Long Term Drift (LTD)). Equation 4 shows how LTD is calculated. Note that the LTD value will be positive if the output voltage drifts higher over time, negative if the voltage drifts lower over time.

$$LTD(ppm)|_{t=n} = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}|_{t=0} - V_{OUT}|_{t=n}}{V_{OUT}|_{t=0}}\right) \times 10^{6}$$
(4)

#### where

$$\begin{split} & \text{LTD(ppm)}|_{t=n} = \text{Long term stability (in units of ppm).} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{OUT}}|_{t=0} = \text{Output voltage at time} = 0 \text{ hr.} \\ & \text{V}_{\text{OUT}}|_{t=n} = \text{Output voltage at time} = n \text{ hr.} \end{split}$$

#### **Output Adjustment Using the TRIM/NR Pin**

The SGM4029 provides a very accurate, factorytrimmed voltage output. However,  $V_{OUT}$  can be adjusted using the trim and noise reduction pin (TRIM/NR, pin 5). Figure 5 shows a typical circuit that allows an output adjustment of  $\pm 15$ mV



Figure 5. VOUT Adjustment Using the TRIM/NR Pin

The SGM4029 allows access to the bandgap through the TRIM/NR pin. Placing a capacitor from the TRIM/NR pin to GND (Figure 4) in combination with the internal  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  resistors creates a low-pass filter. A capacitance of 1µF creates a low-pass filter with the corner frequency from 10Hz to 20Hz. Such a filter decreases the overall noise measured on the VOUT pin by half. Higher capacitance results in a lower filter cut-off frequency, further reducing output noise. Using this capacitor increases start-up time.



## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

#### **Basic Connections**

Figure 6 shows the typical circuit for the SGM4029. It is recommended a supply bypass capacitor ranging from 1µF to 10µF. A 1µF to 10µF output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) must be connected from VOUT to GND. The equivalent series resistance (ESR) value of C<sub>L</sub> must be less than or equal to 1.5 $\Omega$  to ensure output stability. To minimize noise, the recommended ESR of C<sub>L</sub> is from 1 $\Omega$  and 1.5 $\Omega$ .



Figure 6. Basic Connections

#### Supply Voltage

The SGM4029 voltage reference can be operated with a supply of 700mV more than the output voltage.

### **Negative Reference Voltage**

For applications requiring a negative and positive reference voltage, the SGM4029 and SGM8263 can be used to generate positive and negative reference voltage from dual power supplies. Figure 7 shows the SGM4029-2.5 used to generate  $\pm 2.5V$  reference voltage. The low drift performance of the SGM4029 complements the low offset voltage and zero drift of the SGM8263 to generate low noise and low drift positive and negative V<sub>REF</sub>. Take care to match the temperature coefficients of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>.



Figure 7. The SGM4029-2.5 and SGM8263 Create Positive and Negative Reference Voltages

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Data acquisition systems often require stable voltage references to maintain accuracy. The SGM4029 features low noise, low drift and high initial accuracy for high-performance data converters. Figure 8 shows the SGM4029-2.5 in a basic data acquisition system.

### 24-bit, 32KSPS Data Acquisition System



Figure 8. Complete Data Acquisition System Using SGM4029

#### **Design Requirements**

When using the SGM4029 in the design, select a proper output capacitor that does not create gain peaking, thereby increasing total system noise. At the same time, the capacitor must be selected to provide required filtering performance for the system. In addition, input bypass capacitor and noise reduction capacitors must be added for optimum performances. During the design of the data acquisition system, equal consideration must be given to the buffering analog input signal as well as the reference voltage. Having a properly designed input buffer with an associated RC filter is a necessary requirement for good performance of the data acquisition system.

#### **Detailed Design Procedure**

The SGM8261 is used to drive the 24-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (SGM58601). The RC filter at the output of the SGM8261 is used to reduce the charge kick-back created by the opening and closing of the sampling switch inside the ADC. Design the RC filter such that the voltage at the sampling capacitor settles to 24-bit accuracy within the acquisition time of the ADC. The bandwidth of the driving amplifier must be at least 4 times the bandwidth of the RC filter.

The SGM4029-2.5 is used to drive the REF pin of the SGM58601. Proper selection of Voltage Reference output capacitor is very important for this design. Very Low equivalent series resistance (ESR) creates gain-peaking which degrades SNR of the total system. If the ESR of the capacitor is not enough, then an additional resistor must be added in series with the output capacitor. A capacitance of  $1\mu$ F can be connected to the NR pin to reduce bandgap noise of the SGM4029.



### **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

#### **Power Supply Recommendations**

The SGM4029 features extremely low dropout voltage. The device has a minimum supply requirement of 3.2V, which can be operated with a supply of 700mV more than the output voltage. It is recommended a supply bypass capacitor ranging from  $1\mu$ F to  $10\mu$ F.

#### Layout

Place the power supply bypass capacitor as closely as possible to the supply and ground pins. The recommended value of this bypass capacitor is from  $1\mu$ F to  $10\mu$ F. If necessary, additional decoupling capacitance can be added to compensate for noisy or high-impedance power supplies.

Place a  $1\mu$ F noise filtering capacitor between the NR pin and ground.

The output must be decoupled with a  $1\mu F$  to  $10\mu F$  capacitor. A resistor in series with the output capacitor is optional. For better noise performance, the

recommended ESR on the output capacitor is from  $1\Omega$  to  $1.5\Omega$ .

A high frequency,  $1\mu$ F capacitor can be added in parallel between the VOUT pin and GND to filter noise and help with switching loads as data converters.

#### **Power Dissipation**

The SGM4029 is specified to deliver current loads of  $\pm 10$ mA over the specified input voltage range. The temperature of the device increases according to following equation:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + P_{D} \times \theta_{JA}$$

where:

 $T_J$  = Junction temperature (°C)

 $T_A$  = Ambient temperature (°C)

P<sub>D</sub> = Power dissipated (W)

 $\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

The SGM4029 junction temperature must not exceed the absolute maximum rating of +150°C.

# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOIC-8





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
е	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

NOTES:

Body dimensions do not include mode flash or protrusion.
This drawing is subject to change without notice.



# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

### **MSOP-8**





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
с	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
е	0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

NOTES:

Body dimensions do not include mode flash or protrusion.
This drawing is subject to change without notice.



# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### **REEL DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

#### **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL**

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOIC-8	13″	12.4	6.40	5.40	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1
MSOP-8	13″	12.4	5.20	3.30	1.50	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

### **CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX**

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton	
13″	386	280	370	5	DD0002

