SGM8249-1/SGM8249-2

8MHz, High Voltage, High Precision, Low Noise, Rail-to-Rail Output Operational Amplifiers

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM8249-1/2 are rail-to-rail output, low noise and high precision operational amplifiers which have low input offset voltage and bias current. These devices can operate from ±2.25V to ±18V dual power supplies or from 4.5V to 36V single supply.

The rail-to-rail output swing provided by the SGM8249-1/2 makes both high-side and low-side sensing easy. The combination of these characteristics makes the SGM8249-1/2 good choices for temperature, position and pressure sensors, medical equipment and strain gauge amplifiers, or any other 4.5V to 36V applications requiring precision and long term stability.

The single SGM8249-1 is available in Green SOT-23-5 and SOIC-8 packages. The dual SGM8249-2 is available in a Green SOIC-8 package. The SGM8249-1/2 are rated over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

FEATURES

- Low Offset Voltage: 10μV (MAX)
- Rail-to-Rail Output Swing
- Support Single or Dual Power Supplies:
 - 4.5V to 36V or ±2.25V to ±18V
- Open-Loop Voltage Gain: 150dB (TYP)
- PSRR: 150dB (TYP)
- CMRR: 140dB (TYP)
- Input Voltage Noise Density: $10nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ at 1kHz
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 8MHz
- Low Supply Current: 0.85mA/Amplifier (TYP)
- Overload Recovery Time: 0.7μs
- -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Small Packaging:

SGM8249-1 Available in Green SOT-23-5 and

SOIC-8 Packages

SGM8249-2 Available in a Green SOIC-8 Package

APPLICATIONS

Temperature Measurements

Pressure Sensors

Precision Current Sensings

Electronic Scales

Strain Gauge Amplifiers

Medical Instrumentation

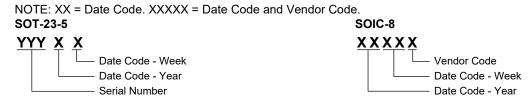
Thermocouple Amplifiers

Handheld Test Equipment

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM8249-1	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8249-1XN5G/TR	GM7XX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGINI8249-1	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8249-1XS8G/TR	SGM 82491XS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
SGM8249-2	SOIC-8	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8249-2XS8G/TR	SGM 82492XS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000

MARKING INFORMATION



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	40V
Input Voltage Range	V _S to (+V _S) + 0.1V
Differential Input Voltage Range	1V to 1V
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	6000V
MM	300V
CDM	1000V

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Operating Voltage Range	4.5V to 36V
Operating Temperature Range.	40°C to +125°C

OVERSTRESS CAUTION

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

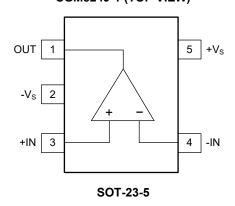
This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD if you don't pay attention to ESD protection. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

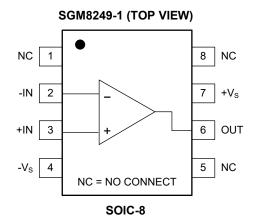
DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

SGM8249-1 (TOP VIEW)





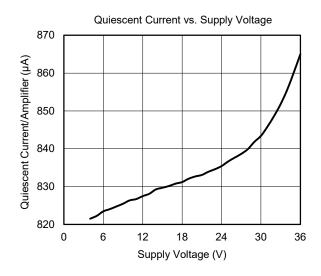
8MHz, High Voltage, High Precision, Low Noise, Rail-to-Rail Output Operational Amplifiers

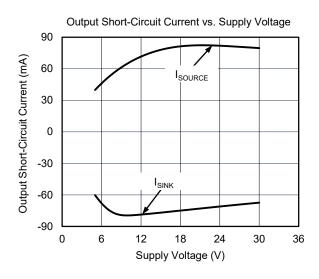
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

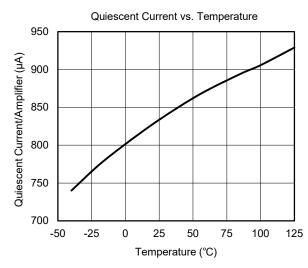
(At T_A = +25°C, V_S = ±2.25V to ±18V, V_{CM} = 0V and R_L = 5k Ω connected to 0V, Full = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted.)

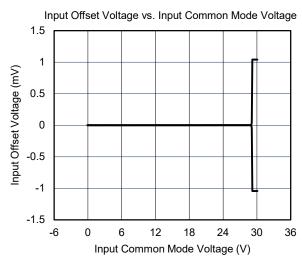
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Input Characteristics									
			+25°C		2	10			
Input Offset Voltage	Vos		Full			15	μV		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{OS} /ΔT		Full		12		nV/°C		
Input Bias Current	I _B		+25°C		±100	±400	рА		
Input Offset Current	los		+25°C		±200	±600	рА		
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{CM}		Full	(-V _S)		(+V _S) - 1.5	V		
0 11 1 5 1 5 5	OMPD	W (W) (W) (F)	+25°C	118	140				
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = (-V_S) \text{ to } (+V_S) - 1.5V$	Full	115			dB		
			+25°C	120	150				
0 1 1/1 0:		$V_S = \pm 2.25V$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 2.0V$	Full	117					
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A _{OL}		+25°C	128	155		dB		
		$V_S = \pm 18V, V_{OUT} = \pm 17.5V$	Full	125					
Output Characteristics			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•		·		
		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	+25°C		22	32			
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		$V_S = \pm 2.25V$	Full			35	-		
		V _S = ±18V	+25°C		170	240	mV		
			Full			285	1		
		V _S = ±2.25V	+25°C	±25	±35		mA		
			Full	±14					
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{sc}		+25°C	±60	±70				
		$V_S = \pm 18V$		±44					
Power Supply			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•	•	·		
Operating Voltage Range	Vs		Full	4.5		36	V		
0 : 10 1/4 1/5			+25°C		0.85	1.2	mA		
Quiescent Current/Amplifier	lα	I _{OUT} = 0	Full			1.3			
5 0 15: " 5"	D0DD	45)// 00)/	+25°C	128	150				
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = 4.5V to 36V	Full	125			dB		
Dynamic Performance	•				•	•			
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP	V _{OUT} = 100mV _{P-P} , C _L = 10pF	+25°C		8		MHz		
Slew Rate	SR		+25°C		6		V/µs		
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	V _{IN} = 1V step, A _V = +1	+25°C		0.8		μs		
Overload Recovery Time		$V_{IN} \times A_V > V_S$	+25°C		0.7		μs		
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD+N	$V_{IN} = 2V_{P-P}, A_V = +1, f = 1kHz$	+25°C		0.0002		%		
Noise			•		•	•	•		
Input Voltage Noise		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz	+25°C		0.2		μV _{P-P}		
		f = 0.1kHz	+25°C		10				
Input Voltage Noise Density	e _n	f = 1kHz	+25°C		10		nV/ √HZ		
		f = 10kHz	+25°C		11				

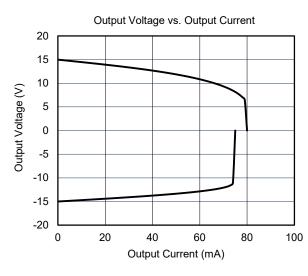
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

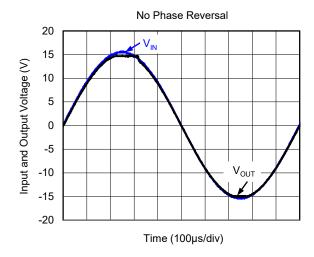




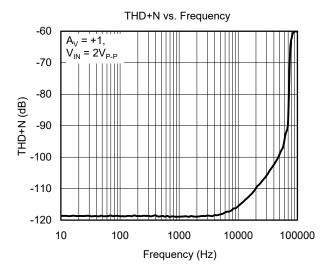


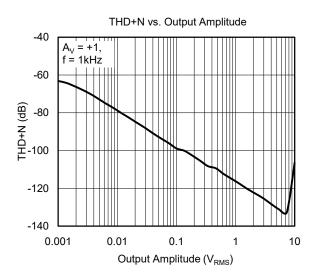


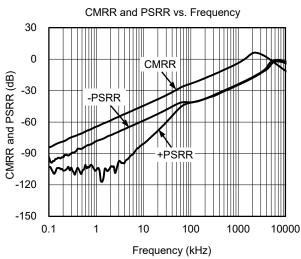


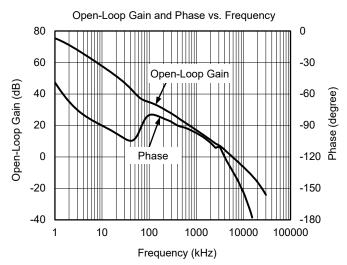


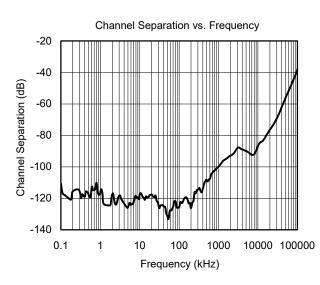
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

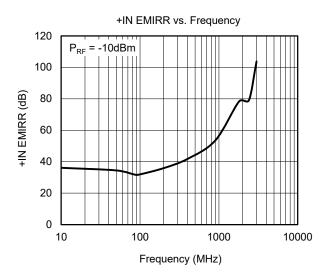




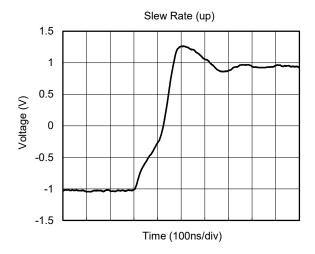


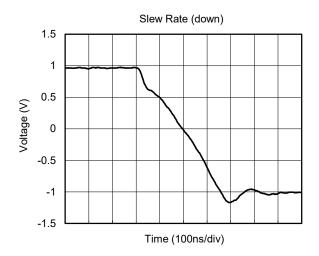


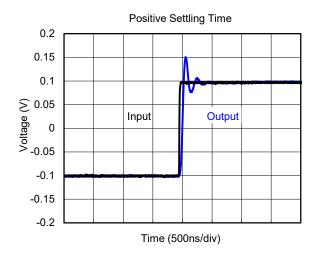


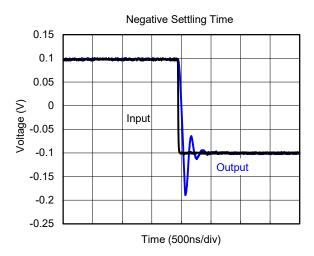


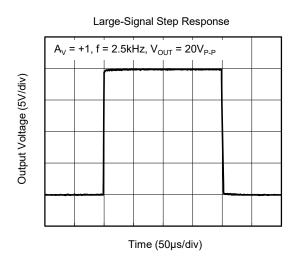
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

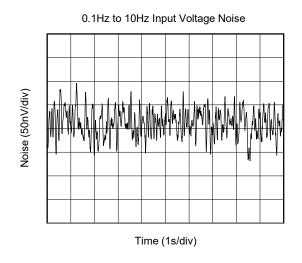




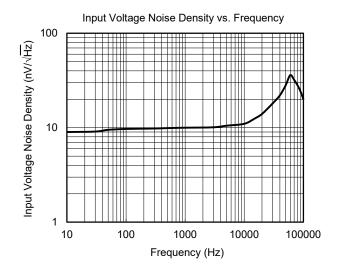


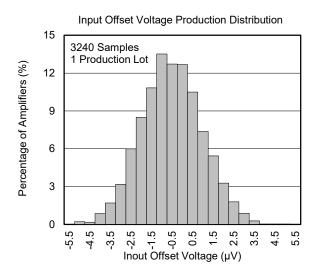


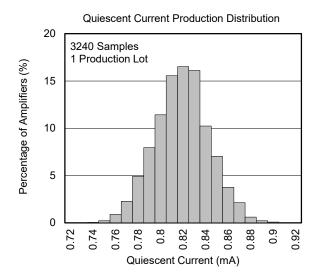


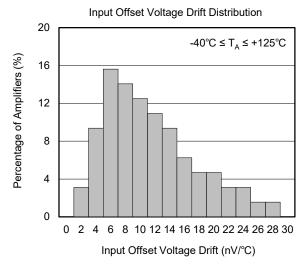


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)









APPLICATION NOTES

Driving Capacitive Loads

The unity-gain follower (buffer) is the most sensitive configuration to capacitive loading. Direct capacitive loading reduces the phase margin of amplifiers and this results in ringing or even oscillation. Applications that require greater capacitive driving capability should use an isolation resistor between the output and the capacitive load like the circuit in Figure 1. The isolation resistor $R_{\rm ISO}$ and the load capacitor $C_{\rm L}$ form a zero to increase stability. The bigger the $R_{\rm ISO}$ resistor value, the more stable $V_{\rm OUT}$ will be. Note that this method results in a loss of gain accuracy because $R_{\rm ISO}$ forms a voltage divider with the $R_{\rm LOAD}$.

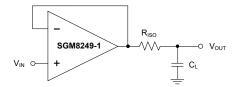


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improved circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_{F} provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting input with the output. C_{F} and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

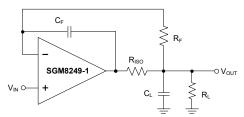


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

For non-buffer configuration, there are two other ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's closed-loop gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node.

Power Supply Bypassing and Layout

The SGM8249-1/2 operate from either a single 4.5V to 36V supply or dual ±2.25V to ±18V supplies. For

single-supply operation, bypass the power supply $+V_S$ with a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the $+V_S$ pin. For dual-supply operation, both the $+V_S$ and the $-V_S$ supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors. $2.2\mu F$ tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

Good PC board layout techniques optimize performance by decreasing the amount of stray capacitance at the operational amplifier's inputs and output. To decrease stray capacitance, minimize trace lengths and widths by placing external components as close to the device as possible. Use surface-mount components whenever possible.

For the operational amplifier, soldering the part to the board directly is strongly recommended. Try to keep the high frequency current loop area small to minimize the EMI (electromagnetic interference).

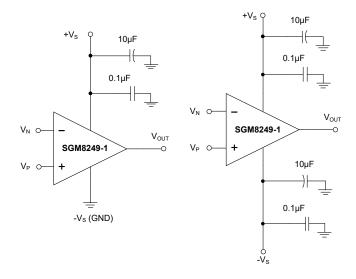


Figure 3. Amplifier with Bypass Capacitors

Grounding

A ground plane layer is important for SGM8249-1/2 circuit design. The length of the current path in an inductive ground return will create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance.

Input-to-Output Coupling

To minimize capacitive coupling, the input and output signal traces should not be in parallel. This helps reduce unwanted positive feedback.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the difference function. If the resistor ratios are equal $(R_4/R_3 = R_2/R_1)$, then $V_{OUT} = (V_P - V_N) \times R_2/R_1 + V_{REF}$.

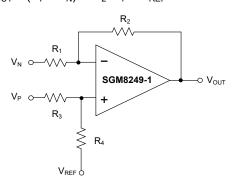


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Instrumentation Amplifier

The circuit in Figure 5 performs the same function as that in Figure 4 but with a high input impedance.

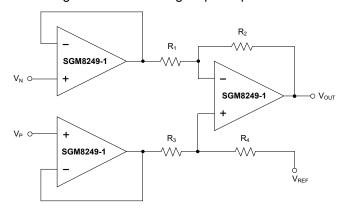


Figure 5. Instrumentation Amplifier

Active Low-Pass Filter

The low-pass filter shown in Figure 6 has a DC gain of $(-R_2/R_1)$ and the -3dB corner frequency is $1/2\pi R_2 C$. Make sure the filter bandwidth is within the bandwidth of the amplifier. Feedback resistors with large values can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistor values as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

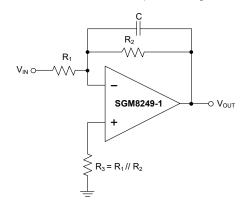


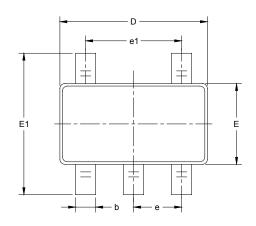
Figure 6. Active Low-Pass Filter

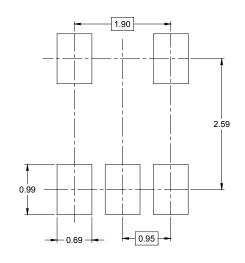
REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

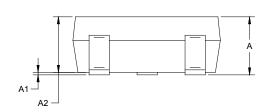
OCTOBER 2019 - REV.A to REV.A.1	Page
Updated Marking Information section	2
Changes from Original (DECEMBER 2017) to REV.A	Page
Changed from product preview to production data	All

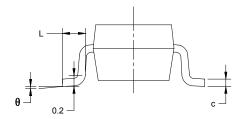
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOT-23-5





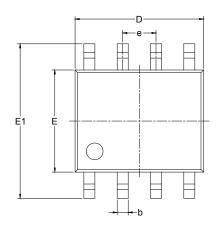
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

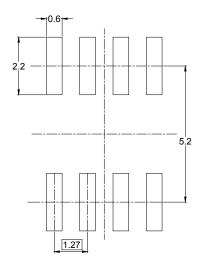




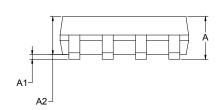
Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
Е	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
е	0.950	BSC	0.037 BSC		
e1	1.900	BSC	0.075 BSC		
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0° 8°		

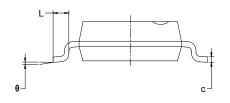
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOIC-8





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

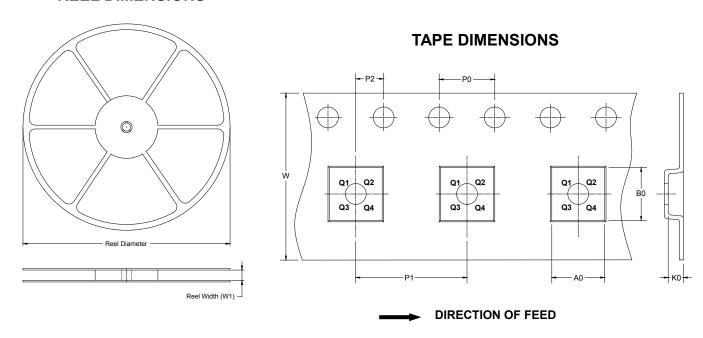




Symbol	-	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches			
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069		
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010		
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061		
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020		
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010		
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200		
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157		
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244		
е	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC		
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050		
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°		

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

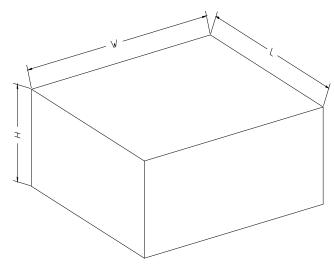


NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT-23-5	7"	9.5	3.20	3.20	1.40	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
SOIC-8	13"	12.4	6.40	5.40	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1

CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8
7"	442	410	224	18
13"	386	280	370	5

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